

## Analytic Trigonometry

### 8.6 Product-to-Sum and Sum-to-Product Formulas

**For Problems 1-10, use the formulas:**

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)] \qquad \cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$1. \quad \sin(4\theta)\sin(2\theta) = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(4\theta - 2\theta) - \cos(4\theta + 2\theta)] = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2\theta) - \cos(6\theta)]$$

$$2. \quad \cos(4\theta)\cos(2\theta) = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(4\theta - 2\theta) + \cos(4\theta + 2\theta)] = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2\theta) + \cos(6\theta)]$$

$$3. \quad \sin(4\theta)\cos(2\theta) = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(4\theta + 2\theta) + \sin(4\theta - 2\theta)] = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(6\theta) + \sin(2\theta)]$$

$$4. \quad \begin{aligned} \sin(3\theta)\sin(5\theta) &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(3\theta - 5\theta) - \cos(3\theta + 5\theta)] = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(-2\theta) - \cos(8\theta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2\theta) - \cos(8\theta)] \end{aligned}$$

$$5. \quad \begin{aligned} \cos(3\theta)\cos(5\theta) &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(3\theta - 5\theta) + \cos(3\theta + 5\theta)] = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(-2\theta) + \cos(8\theta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2\theta) + \cos(8\theta)] \end{aligned}$$

$$6. \quad \begin{aligned} \sin(4\theta)\cos(6\theta) &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(4\theta + 6\theta) + \sin(4\theta - 6\theta)] = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(10\theta) + \sin(-2\theta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(10\theta) - \sin(2\theta)] \end{aligned}$$

$$7. \quad \begin{aligned} \sin \theta \sin(2\theta) &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\theta - 2\theta) - \cos(\theta + 2\theta)] = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(-\theta) - \cos(3\theta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos \theta - \cos(3\theta)] \end{aligned}$$

# Section 8.6 Product-to-Sum and Sum-to-Product Formulas

$$\begin{aligned} 8. \quad \cos(3\theta)\cos(\theta) &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(3\theta - \theta) + \cos(3\theta + \theta)] = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2\theta) + \cos(4\theta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos\theta + \cos(7\theta)] \end{aligned}$$

$$9. \quad \sin \frac{3\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \sin \left( \frac{3\theta}{2} + \frac{\theta}{2} \right) + \sin \left( \frac{3\theta}{2} - \frac{\theta}{2} \right) \right] = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(2\theta) + \sin\theta]$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10. \quad \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{5\theta}{2} &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \sin \left( \frac{\theta}{2} + \frac{5\theta}{2} \right) + \sin \left( \frac{\theta}{2} - \frac{5\theta}{2} \right) \right] = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(3\theta) + \sin(-2\theta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(3\theta) - \sin(2\theta)] \end{aligned}$$

**For Problems 11-18, use the formulas:**

$$\sin\alpha + \sin\beta = 2\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\sin\alpha - \sin\beta = 2\sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos\alpha + \cos\beta = 2\cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos\alpha - \cos\beta = -2\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$11. \quad \sin(4\theta) - \sin(2\theta) = 2\sin \frac{4\theta - 2\theta}{2} \cos \frac{4\theta + 2\theta}{2} = 2\sin\theta \cos(3\theta)$$

$$12. \quad \sin(4\theta) + \sin(2\theta) = 2\sin \frac{4\theta + 2\theta}{2} \cos \frac{4\theta - 2\theta}{2} = 2\sin(3\theta) \cos\theta$$

$$13. \quad \cos(2\theta) + \cos(4\theta) = 2\cos \frac{2\theta + 4\theta}{2} \cos \frac{2\theta - 4\theta}{2} = 2\cos(3\theta) \cos(-\theta) = 2\cos(3\theta) \cos\theta$$

$$14. \quad \cos(5\theta) - \cos(3\theta) = -2\sin \frac{5\theta + 3\theta}{2} \sin \frac{5\theta - 3\theta}{2} = -2\sin(4\theta) \sin\theta$$

$$15. \quad \sin\theta + \sin(3\theta) = 2\sin \frac{\theta + 3\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta - 3\theta}{2} = 2\sin(2\theta) \cos(-\theta) = 2\sin(2\theta) \cos\theta$$

$$16. \quad \cos\theta + \cos(3\theta) = 2\cos \frac{\theta + 3\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta - 3\theta}{2} = 2\cos(2\theta) \cos(-\theta) = 2\cos(2\theta) \cos\theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} 17. \quad \cos \frac{\theta}{2} - \cos \frac{3\theta}{2} \\ = -2\sin \frac{\frac{\theta}{2} + \frac{3\theta}{2}}{2} \sin \frac{\frac{\theta}{2} - \frac{3\theta}{2}}{2} = -2\sin\theta \sin \left(-\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = -2\sin\theta \left(-\sin \frac{\theta}{2}\right) = 2\sin\theta \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \end{aligned}$$

- $$\begin{aligned}
 18. \quad & \sin \frac{\theta}{2} - \sin \frac{3\theta}{2} \\
 &= 2 \sin \frac{\frac{\theta}{2} - \frac{3\theta}{2}}{2} \cos \frac{\frac{\theta}{2} + \frac{3\theta}{2}}{2} = 2 \sin -\frac{\theta}{2} \cos \theta = -2 \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \theta \\
 19. \quad & \frac{\sin \theta + \sin(3\theta)}{2 \sin(\theta)} = \frac{2 \sin(\theta) \cos(-\theta)}{2 \sin(2\theta)} = \cos(-\theta) = \cos \theta \\
 20. \quad & \frac{\cos \theta + \cos(3\theta)}{2 \cos(\theta)} = \frac{2 \cos(2\theta) \cos(-\theta)}{2 \cos(2\theta)} = \cos(-\theta) = \cos \theta \\
 21. \quad & \frac{\sin(4\theta) + \sin(2\theta)}{\cos(4\theta) + \cos(2\theta)} = \frac{2 \sin(\theta) \cos \theta}{2 \cos(\theta) \cos \theta} = \frac{\sin(3\theta)}{\cos(3\theta)} = \tan(3\theta) \\
 22. \quad & \frac{\cos \theta - \cos(3\theta)}{\sin(3\theta) - \sin \theta} = \frac{-2 \sin(\theta) \sin(-\theta)}{2 \sin \theta \cos(2\theta)} = \frac{-(-\sin \theta) \sin(2\theta)}{\sin \theta \cos(2\theta)} = \tan(2\theta) \\
 23. \quad & \frac{\cos \theta - \cos(3\theta)}{\sin \theta + \sin(3\theta)} = \frac{-2 \sin(\theta) \sin(-\theta)}{2 \sin(\theta) \cos(-\theta)} = \frac{-(-\sin \theta)}{\cos \theta} = \tan \theta \\
 24. \quad & \frac{\cos \theta - \cos(5\theta)}{\sin \theta + \sin(5\theta)} = \frac{-2 \sin(\theta) \sin(-2\theta)}{2 \sin(\theta) \cos(-2\theta)} = \frac{-(-\sin 2\theta)}{\cos(2\theta)} = \tan(2\theta) \\
 25. \quad & \sin \theta [\sin \theta + \sin(3\theta)] = \sin \theta [2 \sin(2\theta) \cos(-\theta)] = \cos \theta [2 \sin(\theta) \sin \theta] \\
 &= \cos \theta \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (\cos \theta - \cos(3\theta)) = \cos \theta (\cos \theta - \cos(3\theta)) \\
 26. \quad & \sin \theta [\sin 3\theta + \sin(5\theta)] = \sin \theta [2 \sin(4\theta) \cos(-\theta)] = \cos \theta [2 \sin(\theta) \sin \theta] \\
 &= \cos \theta \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (\cos 3\theta - \cos(5\theta)) = \cos \theta (\cos 3\theta - \cos(5\theta)) \\
 27. \quad & \frac{\sin(4\theta) + \sin(8\theta)}{\cos(4\theta) + \cos(8\theta)} = \frac{2 \sin(\theta) \cos(-2\theta)}{2 \cos(\theta) \cos(-2\theta)} = \frac{\sin(6\theta)}{\cos(6\theta)} = \tan(6\theta) \\
 28. \quad & \frac{\sin(4\theta) - \sin(8\theta)}{\cos(4\theta) - \cos(8\theta)} = \frac{2 \sin(-2\theta) \cos(6\theta)}{-2 \sin(6\theta) \sin(-2\theta)} = \frac{\cos(6\theta)}{-\sin(6\theta)} = -\cot(6\theta) \\
 29. \quad & \frac{\sin(4\theta) + \sin(8\theta)}{\sin(4\theta) - \sin(8\theta)} = \frac{2 \sin(6\theta) \cos(-2\theta)}{2 \sin(-2\theta) \cos(6\theta)} = \frac{\sin(6\theta) \cos(\theta)}{-\sin(2\theta) \cos(6\theta)} \\
 &= -\tan(6\theta) \cot(\theta) = -\frac{\tan(6\theta)}{\tan(2\theta)} \\
 30. \quad & \frac{\cos(4\theta) - \cos(8\theta)}{\cos(4\theta) + \cos(8\theta)} = \frac{-2 \sin(6\theta) \sin(-2\theta)}{2 \cos(6\theta) \cos(-2\theta)} = -\tan(6\theta) \tan(-2\theta) = \tan(2\theta) \tan(\theta)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$31. \frac{\sin \alpha + \sin \beta}{\sin \alpha - \sin \beta} = \frac{2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}}{2 \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}} = \tan \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cot \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$32. \frac{\cos \alpha + \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha - \cos \beta} = \frac{2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}}{-2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}} = -\cot \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cot \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$33. \frac{\sin \alpha + \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha + \cos \beta} = \frac{2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}}{2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}} = \tan \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$34. \frac{\sin \alpha - \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha - \cos \beta} = \frac{2 \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}}{-2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}} = -\cot \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 35. \quad 1 + \cos(2\theta) + \cos(4\theta) + \cos(6\theta) &= \cos 0 + \cos(6\theta) + \cos(2\theta) + \cos(4\theta) \\ &= 2 \cos(\theta) \cos(-3\theta) + 2 \cos(3\theta) \cos(-\theta) = 2 \cos^2(3\theta) + 2 \cos(3\theta) \cos \theta \\ &= 2 \cos(\theta) (\cos(3\theta) + \cos \theta) = 2 \cos(\theta) 2 \cos(\theta) \cos \theta \\ &= 4 \cos \theta \cos(2\theta) \cos(\theta) \end{aligned}$$

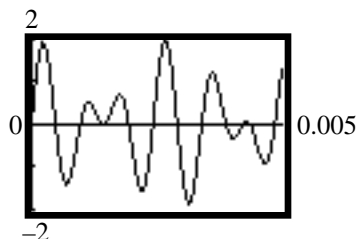
$$\begin{aligned} 36. \quad 1 - \cos(2\theta) + \cos(4\theta) - \cos(6\theta) &= \cos 0 - \cos(6\theta) + \cos(4\theta) - \cos(2\theta) \\ &= -2 \sin(3\theta) \sin(-3\theta) - 2 \sin(\theta) \sin(\theta) = 2 \sin^2(3\theta) - 2 \sin(\theta) \sin \theta \\ &= 2 \sin(\theta) (\sin(3\theta) - \sin \theta) = 2 \sin(3\theta) 2 \sin \theta \cos(2\theta) \\ &= 4 \sin \theta \cos(2\theta) \sin(3\theta) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 37. \quad (a) \quad y &= \sin[2(852)t] + \sin[2(1209)t] \\ &= 2 \sin \frac{2(852)t + 2(1209)t}{2} \cos \frac{2(852)t - 2(1209)t}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 2 \sin(2061t) \cos(357t)$$

(b) The maximum value of  $y$  is 2.

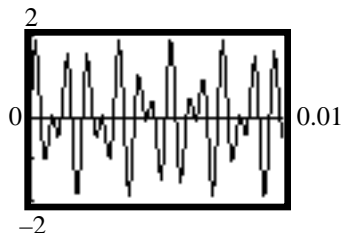
(c)



$$\begin{aligned}
 38. \quad (a) \quad y &= \sin[2(941)t] + \sin[2(1477)t] \\
 &= 2\sin \frac{2(941)t + 2(1477)t}{2} \cos \frac{2(941)t - 2(1477)t}{2} \\
 &= 2\sin(2418t)\cos(-536t) = 2\sin(2418t)\cos(536t)
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) The maximum value of  $y$  is 2.

(c)



$$\begin{aligned}
 39. \quad \sin(2\alpha) + \sin(2\beta) + \sin(2\gamma) \\
 &= 2\sin \frac{2\alpha + 2\beta}{2} \cos \frac{2\alpha - 2\beta}{2} + \sin(2\gamma) \\
 &= 2\sin(\alpha + \beta)\cos(\alpha - \beta) + 2\sin \gamma \cos \gamma \\
 &= 2\sin(-\gamma)\cos(\alpha - \beta) + 2\sin \gamma \cos \gamma \\
 &= 2\sin \gamma \cos(\alpha - \beta) + 2\sin \gamma \cos \gamma = 2\sin \gamma [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos \gamma] \\
 &= 2\sin \gamma 2\cos \frac{\alpha - \beta + \gamma}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta - \gamma}{2} \\
 &= 4\sin \gamma \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \gamma}{2} = 4\sin \gamma \sin \beta \sin \alpha \\
 &= 4\sin \alpha \sin \beta \sin \gamma
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 40. \quad \tan \alpha + \tan \beta + \tan \gamma &= \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{\sin \beta}{\cos \beta} + \frac{\sin \gamma}{\cos \gamma} \\
 &= \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma + \sin \beta \cos \alpha \cos \gamma + \sin \gamma \cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} \\
 &= \frac{\cos \gamma (\sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta) + \sin \gamma \cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} \\
 &= \frac{\cos \gamma \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin \gamma \cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} = \frac{\cos \gamma \sin(-\gamma) + \sin \gamma \cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} \\
 &= \frac{\cos \gamma \sin \gamma + \sin \gamma \cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} = \frac{\sin \gamma (\cos \gamma + \cos \alpha \cos \beta)}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} \\
 &= \frac{\sin \gamma (\cos(-(\alpha + \beta)) + \cos \alpha \cos \beta)}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} = \frac{\sin \gamma (-\cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos \alpha \cos \beta)}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} \\
 &= \frac{\sin \gamma (-\cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta + \cos \alpha \cos \beta)}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} = \frac{\sin \gamma (\sin \alpha \sin \beta)}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma} \\
 &= \tan \alpha \tan \beta \tan \gamma
 \end{aligned}$$

## Section 8.6 Product-to-Sum and Sum-to-Product Formulas

41. Add the two sum formulas for  $\sin(\alpha + \beta)$  and  $\sin(\alpha - \beta)$  and solve:

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin\alpha \cos\beta + \cos\alpha \sin\beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin\alpha \cos\beta - \cos\alpha \sin\beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta) = 2\sin\alpha \cos\beta$$

$$\sin\alpha \cos\beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$\begin{aligned} 42. \quad 2\sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} &= 2 \frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} + \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} + \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} - \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \\ &= \sin\alpha + \sin(-\beta) = \sin\alpha - \sin\beta \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } \sin\alpha - \sin\beta = 2\sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 43. \quad 2\cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} &= 2 \frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} - \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} + \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} + \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \\ &= \cos \frac{2\beta}{2} + \cos \frac{2\alpha}{2} = \cos\beta + \cos\alpha \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } \cos\alpha + \cos\beta = 2\cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 44. \quad -2\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} &= -2 \frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} - \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} - \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} + \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \\ &= -\cos \frac{2\beta}{2} - \cos \frac{2\alpha}{2} = -\cos\beta - \cos\alpha \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } -\cos\alpha - \cos\beta = -2\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$